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VOLUME X.

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Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few, but the Liver is generally the sent of the disease, and if not kegulated in time, great suffering, wretchedeses and DEATH will ensue.

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RICHMOND, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1896.









NUMBER 6.

Nominated for President by the Democracy on the Fifth

Arthur Sewall, of Maine, Nominated for Vice President.

The Gold Men Refused to Take Part In the Bailoting.

Stires, rector of Grace Episcopal Church, escort Senator White, the permanent chair-chicago man, to the chair, the committee consisting



SENATOR JOHN W. DANIEL, Virginia. Temporary Chairman

Then Chairman Harrity, in clow, deliberate Gentlenen of the convention by direction of the democratic national committee I desire to report the following as the temporary organization of the convention Temporary chairman, David B. Hill, of New

The rest of the organization was read as follows: For temporary secretary, Simon P. Col John L Martin, of Missouri. What is the pleasure of the convention Harrity asked. "on the report as made on Second street, over Chenault's gro- from the democratic national committee?" On that, Mr. Clayton, delegate from Alabams, arose, advanced to the platform and

vention, on behalf of 23 members of your na-tional committee, as opposed to 27, and, as I believe, in accordance with the wish of the KICHMOND, - . KENTUCKY, great majority of this nation (cheers), I am authorized to present to this convention a mia substitute for a part of the metion made by the chairman of the national committee."
To the Democratic National Committee: The undersigned members of the national democratic committee respectfully recom-

mend that the name of Hon John W. Daniel. of Virginia be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon David B. Hill, of New York, and that Hon John W. Daniel be chosen temporary chairman of this convention. The names of the 23 committeemen were attached Mr. C. S. Thomas, of Colorado, seconded the minority report.

Again cries of "roll call" were raised and

Mr. Harrity said: "It may as well be under-stood, gentlemen, that as long as the present occupant is in the chair, these proceedings will be conducted in a regular, orderly man-Allen McDermott of New Jersey, was then recognized to speak in support of the

platform to close the debate. Ballot on the substitution of the name of John W Daniel in place of Hill began and resulted as follows: ayes 566 nays 349 The chair declared that the minority report substituting the name of John W Daniel for temporary chairman was adopted. The ancement was received with wild cheers. At 2:30 the chair appointed J. K. Jones, o Arkansas: R. P. Keating, of Nevada, and S. M. White, of California, a committee to escort

Senator Daniel to the chair. Scuator Daniel was received with rousing cheers many of the delegates standing on their chairs and waving hats and handkerchiefs The band played a hymn Senator Daniel took the chair and addressed

There was a rapid thinning out of spectators during Senator Daniel's speech and much confusion was caused by people in the rear seats moving forward to better ones. Senator White, of California, offered a resolution that the rules of the last democratic convention, including the rules of the Fiftythird congress, govern the convention until Gov. Hogg, of Texas, moved the appoint

ment of committees on permanent organiza-tion crodentials, resolutions and rules When the various committees had been anpointed the members of them withdrew for orcanization and the convention then at 4:45 p

CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, July &-The convention was called to order at 10:51 Wedday morning The seats of the New York delegation were empty, the delegates being in aucus at the Auditorium.

The prayer called for a special "blessing or this convention from all over our fair land," and asked that the minds of the delegates should be "dominated for good, for humanity and for God." and that what they did might

"tell in the years to come for the advancement and lifting up of our human kind." Senator White permanent chairman-elect. relieved Senator Daniel of the gavel and presided over the informal proceedings of the convention which followed. Mr. Daniel being in poor voice after his exertions of Tuesday The temporary chairman announced that the first business in order was the report of committees, as no business could be done except by unanimous consent until the commis-tees reported. He called the committees in order. The committee on credentials did not minutes it was announced that the committee their long night's session.

on credentials were about to reassemble after At 11:17 ex-Senator Martin, of Kansas, was recognized and moved an informal recess of justed so as to operate equally throughout five minutes to permit Gov. Hogg. of Texas, to the country, and not discriminate between address the convention.

The motion was adopted, but a stray band in the gallery beyond the reach of the chair-man's bell or signals kept on playing "Dixle" nearly ten minutes before it could be republican threat to restore the McKinle

retired to a march tune by the band and their silver successors took their places. The Bryan men, as they marched in headed by marketa. Until the money question is

WATCH SILVER.

regulates the price of products-

eliver tipped spears and a banner bearing Mr.
Bryan's name in silver letters, were vociferously applauded.
At 1:54 Senator White called the convention
to order and stated that word had been re-

ceived from the committee on credentials that no report could be expected for three hours He suggested a recess until \$ o'clock. The convention then recessed until that hour. CHICAGO, July 2 -At 5:15 p m. the convention was again called to order by Chairman

At 5:50 p. m. Chairman Atwood reported that the committee on credentials completed report by recommending the seating of the contesting delegates of the Fourth and Ninth Michigan district. The other delegater remain as on temporary roll. Mr. Cros. by, of Massachusetts, from the committee on credentials, presented a minority report in favor of seating the delegates named on the

"The noes have it," said the chairman, "and the amendment is lost." It was now the silver men's turn and they yolled and waved hats and handkerchiefs and displayed Bland pictures and made the night hideous for The chairman put the question on the majority report of the committee on credentials and declared it adopted. The report of the committee on permanent organization was then presented by Mr. in-ley, of Ohio, naming Senator White, of Cali-

tion, and Thomas J. Cogan, of Ohio, as perma nent secretary. A question was out to Mr. Finley as to whether the state of Ohio had a representative on the national committee, as it was reported, and it was answered in the affirmative.
Wish those exceptions the report was adopted. A committee of three was then appointed to

fornia, as permanent president of the conven

of Mr. Finley, of Ohio, Mr. McConnell, of Illi-nois, and Senator Vest, of Missourt Senator Daniel, in retiring from the temporary chairmanship, expressed his deep sense of the honor which he had enjoyed and introduced Mr. White as "the distinguished senator from California" (Cheers.) Senstor White, of California, on taking the chair, spoke of the convention as an assemblage of men from every state and ter-ritory in the union, and said that he was prepared to extend full equal, absolute and mpartial treatment to all Every question before the convention should be, he said considered carefully and deliberately, and when the voice of the convention was crystallized into a judgment, that judgment should be binding on all true democrats. (Cheers). Mr. Clark, of Montana, rising in the body of the hall, produced a silver gavel from the mines of Montana, which he tendered to the presiding officer in the name of the delegation from that state. The chairman remarked that in the absence of objection, he would feel compelled to accept this handsome token from the Montana delegation. No objection being beard, the silver gavel was passed up to the

chairman. CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, July 10 .-At 10:54 Chairman White called the convention to order. The sergeant-at-arms was directed to clear the aisles. Senator White called James D. Richardson, read the platform. All references to slive was enthusiastically applauded by the galleries. The free coinage plank in the platforn

was drowned in cheers Ordered re-read THE PLATFORM We, the democrats of the United States In national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own-freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.
During all these years the democratic party has resisted the tendency of solfish interests to the centralization of governmental power and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic of republics Under its guidance and teachings the great principal of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general governmen to the exercises of the powers granted by the constitution of the United States. The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the right of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom, and it renews Its ligations and reaffirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution. Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the federal consti

ution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and the the first coinage law parsed by congress unde the constitution made the silver dollar the monetary unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio measured by the sliver dollar unit. We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the ap-preciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at

home and abroad: postration of industry, and impoverishment of the people. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to Lon-don. It is not only un-American but anti-American and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that indomitable spirit and love of liberty which proplaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited column of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard sliver dollar shall be a full legal ten der, equally with gold for all debts, public and prevent the demonetization of any kind of le gal tender money by private contract.
We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such bligations in either silver coin or gold coin. We are opposed to the issuing of interest bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, sup ply the federal treasury with gold to maintain Congress alone has the power to coin and

issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corperations or individuals.

We therefore denounce the issuance notes intended to circulate as money by na tional banks as in derogation of the constitution and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for dues to the United States, shall be issued by the govern

ment of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin. We hold that tariff duties should be levie class or section, and that taxatio should be limited by the needs of the govern ment benestly and economically administered We denounce as disturbing to business th While awaiting the report of the credentials people in the national elections an committee, Gov. Hogg. Senator Blackburn, which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolles, enriched At 1:10 the gold delegation from Nebraska the few at the expense of the many, restricte

was necessary to effect a rise was be gradual appreciation in the which would ensue from the free to move up the price of silver, price of silver, and as silver is the coinage of silver, confidence in Silver is the key to the situa Silver is the bottom to be pushed. lever its rise will carry values gen business would come back. Nothtion. Its decline or rise in price The rest follow. Silver was ad- erally along with it, so far as pro- ing but a rice in prices can bring vanced several pence per ounce, ducts and commodities go. As to it back. The moment a general grain, provisions, cotton - in A refreshing boom in prices of securities in spite of many years rise sets in on a scale to indicate general. This has been true in stock, bonds, grain, cotton and of false teaching, the investing it has come to stay money will every step of the fluctuating de. products and commodities general- class would quickly discount the come out of all the hoarding cline begun in 1873. One instance ly followed. The rise held and fact that securities must advance places created during a quarter of recent occurrence marks this progressed so long as silver was with a renewal and enlargement a century, and will flow in from fact with much emphasis. On the manipulated upward. When the of trade,

tendency of the markets general- -relapsed into the old ruts. ly, and to show that this legisla. With a silver battle on in earn- prices mean inevitable loss, and money and breed confidence in tion had been in the direction of est for the first time since 1875, of course, destroy conndence, business and stimulate new enter-

settled we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff inws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse fecision of the supreme court on the income tax. There would be no deficit in the revenue but for the annulment by the supreme court of a law passed by a democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly one hundred years, that

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merits, fixed terms of office and such an adstrict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly one hundred years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which has been previously overruled by the ablest judges who had ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision or which which remains after that decision, or which examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our governmay come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the bur-

dens of taxation may be equally and impar-tially laid to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of government

We hold that it may be a list of the derivative of the presidential office.

The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi of the care for an another than the care for an another than the care for a care for an another than the care for a A ballot was taken and a motion to substitute the minority report for the majority report in the Michigan case was lost. Ayes, 868:
nays, 688.

The nost back it "said the chairment many is a substination of the expenses of government improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic, so as to secure for the interior states casy and cheap transportants.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and with the value of the republic is of sufficient importance to

of the home market to our American farmors and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production ous work until permanent improvement is secured.

of Tennessee, to the chair and Senator Jones | We are to favor of the arbitration of diff- sire to have them made effective through legstate commerce and their employes, and reommend such legislation as is necessary to sarry out this princ ple.

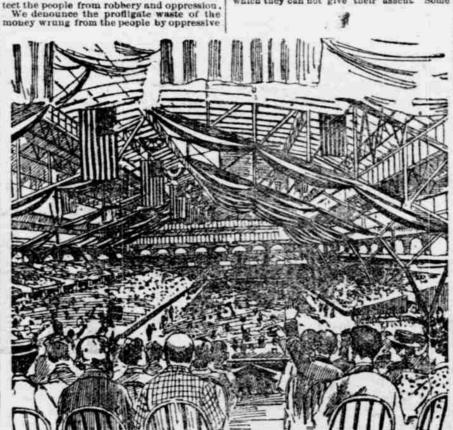
The absorption of wealth by the few, the and the formations of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demend the enlargement of the inter-state commerce nmission, and such restrictions and gameantres in the control of rallways as will 100 tect the people from robbery and oppression.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive

W. J. BRYAN, Nominated for President by the Democratic Convention at Chicago.

and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactories, and as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its of all citizens who approve them and who deisiation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity. After the platform was reported Senator gold men, submitted the following, which contained a strong plank favorable to the exist- posed attempt at party revolution

insolidation of our leading railroad systems ling standard. The use of the word "gold" in thereto, follows: To the Democratic National Convention-Sixteen delegates, constituting the minority of the committee on resolutions, find many declarations in the report of the majority to and cheered for several minutes. The band which they can not give their assent Some



as a new and highly dangerous form of op-pression by which federal judges. In contempt mount issue, as follows, which is offered as a of the laws of the states and rights of citizens. become at once legislators, judges and executors, and we approve the bill passed at the last easien of the United States senate and new pending in the house relative to contempt in federal courts and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

No discrimination should be indulged in by
the government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the re-fusal of the Fifty-third congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill, denounce the enact a similar measure. Recognizing the just claim of deserving

ion soldiers, we heartly endorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll, and the fact of enlistment and service should be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlist-We tavor the admission of the territorie of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resource to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bone fide residents of the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed. The democratic party believes in home rule and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

dionurment of the last Congress, foreign finger was taken off the Failing prices for over twenty ness based on rising prices. ther repealing the silver purchase silver button down went silver years have locked up money by Rising prices in money lock up ing clause of the Sherman law, was and securities, crops, products destroying confidence in business, money and destroy confidence in ocessary to reverse the panicky and commodities-in a word, trade There has been no lack of confi. business. Kising prices in pro

taxation and the lavish appropriations of re- of these are wholly unnecessary. Some are cent republican congresses, which have kept | fil-considered and ambiguously phrased, while taxes high, while the labor that pays them is | others are extreme and revolutionary of the tares high, while the isbor that pays them is unemployed and the product of the people's toil are depressed till they no ionger repay the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which bests a democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless officers, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people. We denounce the arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States the minority regard as vital democratic doc-and a crime against free institutions, and we trine as to demand a distinct statement of

> substitute for the financial planks in the majority report: "We declare our belief that the experiment on the part of the United States alone of free silver coinage and a change of the existing standard of value independently of the action of the other great nations would not only imperil our finances, but would retard or entirely prevent the establishment of international bi-metallism, to which the efforts of the government should be steadily directed. It would place this country at once upon a silver basis, impair contracts, disturb business, diminish the purchasing power of the w ges of labor and inflict irreparable evils upon our nation's

commerce and industry.

"Until international co-operation among leading nations for the coinage of sliver can be secured, we favor the rigid maintenance of the existing gold standard as essential to the preservation of our public piedges, and the insist that all our paper and silver currency shall be kept absolutely on a pe ity with gold. The democratic party is the party of hard money, and is opposed to legal tender paper money as a part of our permanent financial system, and we therefore fa-vor the gradual retirement and cancellation of all United States notes and treasury notes under such legislative provisions as will pre-vent undue contraction. We demand that the national credits shall be resolutely

stances." The minority also feel that the report of the majority is defective in failing to make any recognition of the breesty, economy, courage and fidelity of the present democratic administration, and they offer the following declara-We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

the Monroe doctrine, as originally declared "We commend the Lonesty, economy, com-

dence in our money, but falling ducts and commodities unlock a restoration of values. All that there should be and doubtless will With a general rise in prices, prises. When rising prices begin and for the same period of 1804.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

age and fidelity of the present demogratio national administration." Stevenson 7, Tillman 17, Hill 1, Teller 8, Ab-risk amendment: But it should be carefully provided by law at the same time that
any change in the monetary standard should
not apply to existing contracts."

Second amendment: "Our advocacy of the

der that when a delegation was instructed to

a hearty reception. Unassuming in manner and having the garb of a workingman, he did not look the senator, but few speeches have been anticipated with more interest. The hisses by the gold men were drowned by the cheers of the silver contingent.

During Tiliman's address he was interrupted by calls from every part of the hall for Hill. When quiet was restored Tiliman said:

"You had just as well understand I am going to have my say if I stay here all night."

After Tiliman had finished Senator Hill appeared and began speaking for the minority can not east the vote of the catire delegation.

The Ohloan then stated that if delegates were for McLean, one for Bryan, one not veting, one Bland, but under the unit rule Ohlo east its vote for the man who made this convention. Delegates stood on chairs and waved hats, fans and handkerchiefs. Mr.

Whitney rose with the rest and the sight of his erect figure brought many to their feet. waving sea of hate, newspapers and averything at hand that dould be made conspicuous
rose and fell all over the hall. The attempts
of the chair to still the tumult were unavail.

South Carolina caused a surprise when the sumed their seats after several minutes of cheering the galleries would not be quist and yelled and shouted with heafty good will.

Mr. Hill began in slow and distinct tones. and finished his address without further interruption. Mr. Hill, among other things, said his mission here to-day was to build up, not to destroy. He knew he addressed a convention that did not agree with all the views he held, but he knew they would hear him for his cause. New York made no apology for South Carolina (Cheera) She did not need it. Need he remind this great convention that it was New York city whose wealth had been so decried that had always been the Gibraltar of democracy. He asserted this afternoon

be employed to attain their end One side favored the co-operation of other nations. It was not a question of courage . Mr Vilas was applicated as he was intro-duced. The resolutions of the minority were presented, he said, with a recognition that they constituted a protest against the prothe plank is conspicuous. The text of the mi-nority report, with the signatures attached chair and spoke for the minority report. Ex-Congressmen Bryan then took the platform to close the debate. He spoke in favor of the minority report. Mr. Bryan was given

> This is six more than two-thirds
> The amendment indorsing Cleveland's anministration was lost. Official result: Ayes
>
> "The amendment indorsing Cleveland's anministration was lost. Official result: Ayes
>
> "The amendment indorsing Cleveland's anministration was lost. Official result: Ayes
>
> "This is six more than two-thirds
>
> Matthews 54, McLean 54, Bryan 219, Blackburn
>
> 27, Pattison 97, Stowarson 9, Hill 1, not veting
>
> 162 Total 930. Hill's amendment referring to existing contracts was lost on viva voce vote.
>
> A fourth roll call was improved and resulted as follows: N.f. She that

Tillman withdrew his amendment denounc- Eighteen state signs were carried to the Noing Cleveland. The official vote is 63 ayes 301 mays, I not states and territories were borne around the voting At 4:37 a motion to recess until 8:00 p m., order had been partially restored the chair CONVENTION HALL CRICAGO July 10 .- The votes given was necessary to make a nomina

evening as well as during the morning ses-The chairman informed the convention that roll of states would now be called, so that nominations of candidates for the presidency ical list than the state of Arkansas. Mr. Vest placed Hon R. P. Bland in nomination for the presidency of the United States. David Cvermeyer, of Kansas, and J. R. Williams, of il- had it. Many noes were heard Inois, seconded the nomination of Mr. B. and. When Georgia was called H. T. Lewis took the platform and placed ex-Congressma; W. Chairman White J. Bryan in nomination. The convention der at 8:56 p. m.

took the platform and placed in nomination national committee would meet at 3 p.m.
Gov. Claude Motthews, of Indiana. Trippett.

The convention proceeded to business w Gov. Claude Motthews, of Indiana. Trippett, of California, followed seconding the nomina- out prayer. The roll of states for vice presition of Matthews.

Hon. Fred White, of Iowa, was recognized

form adopted.

Mr. Patrick, of Ohio, when the name of his Utah, nominated Senator John W. Da state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Choinnati.

Chairman Harrity, of Pennsylvania, when his state was called, said Pennsylvania his do no Ulric Sloan, of Ohio, withdrew the name of R. McLean, of Cincinnati.

they had been instructed to present the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, but at his earnest re-The nomination of Mr. Blabkburn was easiled.

When the state of Wisconsin was called.

Gen Bragg, the picturesque old hero, chairman of the delegation, rising on a chair in his place, said: "Wisconsin can not participate in the nomination of any man calling hirself in the nomination of any place, said: "Wisconsin can not participated in the nomination of any man calling hirself a democrat upon a populist platform." (Great cheers, mingled with hisses)

Mr. Boles' name was withdrawn by Van

saying that on the part of some of the delegates from Wisconsin, he desired to second

nomination of Joe Blackburn, of Ken-

At the close of the call of the roll of states the convention, at 12:25 a m. adjourned till 10 to the convention, at 12:25 a m. adjourned till 10 to the convention at 12:25 a m. adjourned till 10 to the convention to the der at il a m Friday. Rev. Dr. A Greek, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., offered prayer.

Mr. Harrity, of Pennsylvania, on being recognized by the chair, said that in obedience to instructions Pennsylvania presented the name of Robert E. Pattison for president.

Mr. Mattingly, of the District of Columbia, seconded McLean's nomination. Muller, of Oregon, presented the name of ex-Gov. Pennsylvania presented the manuely of the name of ex-Gov. Pennsylvania presented the manuely of the name of ex-Gov. Pennsylvania name of ex-Gov. Pennsylvania presented the death of ex-Congressman Frank H. Hurd, of Ohio.

The result of the first ballot as officially announced is Bland 235, Boles 85. Mattlews 37, McLean 54. Bryan 119. Blackburn 32. Pat.

Total cast 675. Absent or not voting 256. Necessary to choice 450.

After the third ballot Gov. Stone withdrew the manue of Bland. He read a telegram from the Missourian declining to run. The fourth ballot was taken with no result.

Official result of fourth ballot.

McLean 296, Sewall 261, Pattison I, Daniel 54.

Clark 46, Williams 9, Harrity II. Not voting 252. Total cast, 672. Necessary to choice 433.

BULLETIN—Dispatch just read from John R. McLean asylng: "Any vote cast for me for vice-president is against my express wish." Bulletin—Arthur Sewoll, of Maine, received the Nomination on the fifth ballot. der at II a. m. Friday. Rev. Dr. A. (

we can quit "reorganizing" and go to constructing. Watch silver!-New York Daily

The Railway Gazette reports rai

Financial News.

independent free coinage of silver being based on the belief that such coinage will effect and maintain a parity between gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, we declare as a piedge of our sincerity that if such free coinage shall wisconsin, under instructions to vote as a our sincerity that if such free coinage shall fail to effect such parity within one year from its enactment by law, such coinage shall thereupon be suspended."

Tiliman led off in the platform debate, and the sturdy South Carolina senator was given a hearty reception. Unassuming in manner and having the garb of a workingman, he did

Bryan, 4.

Wisconsin, under instructions to vote as a funk, must be recorded as not voting. Dockery, of Wisconsin, was recognized, took the platform and spoke for the four who claimed the right to vote. Great confusion followed Dockery's speech.

Poll of Wisconsin fesulted: Not voting, 20: Bryan, 4.

his erect figure brought many to their feet thus balked and a delegate challenged the The galleries seemed to rise as a man and the vote and a poil was thus had McLean's of the chair to still the tumult were unavail. South Carolina caused a surprise when the ing. and although most of the delegates re- chairman announced that under instructions

SENATOR STEPREN M. WHITE, Permanent Chairman.

"her honored son," Bent Tillman, one not votg. (Hisses and obsers)
Mr. Marsden, of Louisans, moved that the of the minority report. Mr. Bryan was given a rousing reception. Delegrates stood on chairs and cheered for several minutes. The band played "We Won't go Home Till Morning," at the close of his speech.

Official result second ballot: Bland 282, Boies 41, Matthews 83, McLean 53, Bryan 190. the close of his speech

The official ballot on the minority report and Blackburn 41, Pattison 100, Stevenson 10, Pen-The official ballot on the minority report of platform is 620 nays, 303 ayes; 1 not voting official third ballot. Bland 291, Boies 86.

and resulted as follows: N.f. She thepfland demonstration took place in favor of Bryan. braska delegation amid tumultuous cheers, Call of states on adoption of platform de- which lasted for several minutes. Then a | 92-21. hall amid a perfect tornado of cheering. announced that two-thirds of the number of convention was called to order at 8:30 p. m. by tion, and not two-thirds of the total vote of the convention. While the fifth ballot was going on Gov.

withdrawing his name in favor of Bryan. This nominates the latter. The vote was as follows:

Bryan 500, Turple 1, Pattison 95, Stevenson & Hill 1. not voting 162 nator Vest, of Missouri, was the first del- Nore-The above is the fifth official ballot egate to ascend the platform, even before the call of states had got further in the alph bet-Senator Turple, of Indiana, moved the nomination of Bryan be made unanimous. Ayes Recess taken until 8 p. m.

CONVENTION HALL, CHICAGO, July 11 .-

Chairman White called the convention to or-Hams, of Massachusetts, and T J Kernan, of Louisiana, seconded Bryan's nomination
When Indiana was called Senator Turple nized by the chair and announced that the

to nominate ex-Gov. Boles. Cheers of a com-paratively mild type greeted the announce-ment and the Boles banner was raised the president. Mr. Marston, of Louis-tana, named John R. McLean. Maloney, Hon John S Rhea, of Kentucky, with a voice almost as resonant and very closely resembling that of the senator he nominated. presented in nomination the name of Setator court, in nomination Congressman Tom Blackburn, of Kentucky.

Johnson, of Chio, nominated Geo. W. Fethian, Johnson, of Chio, nominated Geo W. Galler, of Olice and Miller, of Oregon, nominated of Mr. Blackburn.

Johnson, of Chio, nominated Geo W. Galler, of Illinois Hon. N. A. Miller, of Oregon, nominated Ex-Gov. Pennoyer. Wm. R. Burke, nominated Ex-Gov. Pennoyer. Wm. R. Burke, nominated Ex-Gov. Pennoyer. nomination of Mr. Blackburn

when Mass-chusetts was called the chairman of the delegation said Massachusetts had

Shewaiter, of Missouri, presented the name of the delegation said Massachusetts had intended to present the name of Gov. Russell, Joseph C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania C. S. Dour Mr. Russell declined to run on the platof Arthur Sewali, of Maine, O. W. Powers, of Virginia but the name was afterward with-

his state was called, said Pennsylvania hid no candidate at this time, but when the roll of states was called for the purpose of ascertaining their preferences for candidates, Pennsylvania would express her wishes on the subject

Virginia being called in the roll of states, varied the names already before the convenience of the delegation stated that the chairman of the delegation stated that they had been instructed to present the name ian. Pennoyer, Sewall and Sibley, and the of Hon. John W. Daniel, but at his earnest request and instance did not do so.

The nomination of Mr. Blabkburn was also seconded by Mr. J. W. St. Clair.

When the state of Wisconsin was called.

Chart is a second of Wisconsin was called.

When the state of Wisconsin was called.

When the state of Wisconsin was called.

One of the delegates from the state followed, Wagenen, of Iowa Official result of second ballot: Bland 294, Sibley 113, McLesn 158, Clark 28, Pattison I, Sewall 37, Williams, of Massachu-setts, 16, Harrity 21, Williams, of Illinois, 12, not voting 255. Necessary to a choice 658. 97, Stbley 19, Williams, of Massachuset Clark 21 Total cast 675 Absent or no

ROUGH ON HIM.

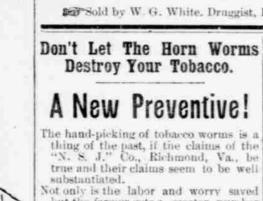
n the ground that his wife filled his Sunday shoes full of water and tore holes in his Sunday coat to keep him from DO YOU WANT REAPER

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the compound (each box enough for for particulars.

Hill's amendment declaring that in case the adoption of the free coinage plank does not maintain the parity of silver one year after its passage it shall be suspended lost of viva While the fifth ballot was being ordered a

fornia, who immediately handed over the gavel to Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, who acted as president pro tem for the

J. Bryan in nomination. The convention went wild at the first mention of Bryan's name. Delegates with banners of Georgia, North Carolina, Michigan Nebraska, Louis-lane, Mississippi and South Dakota paradea Stone accepted the amendment. The motion was put and carried.

At 9:05 Gov. Stone moved to adjourn until 12 money. Send us a trial order, you be glad with our products. Especially pleased to hear from country merchants.

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dent was done away with. O'Sullivan, of Massachusetts, took the plat-

An Ohio cleruvman sues for a divorce

reaching. We are not told whether or not his preaching was of such a character us to justify these heroic measures on the art of the wife or which side of the con oversey was espoused by the congreENTYPOYAL

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